

LOK SABHA  
STARRED QUESTION NO. \*225  
TO BE ANSWERED ON 02/08/2018

REVIVAL OF TEXTILE AND HANDLOOM/ HANDICRAFT INDUSTRIES

\*225. SHRI SANKAR PRASAD DATTA:

Will the Minister of Textiles वस्त्र मंत्री  
be pleased to state:

- a) whether the Government provides subsidy and tax benefits for establishing textiles manufacturing units in the country and if so, the details thereof;
- b) whether the Government has any plan to revive textile and handloom/handicrafts industries in the country;
- (c) if so, the details thereof; and
- (d) if not, the reasons therefor?

उत्तर

ANSWER

वस्त्र मंत्री (श्रीमती स्मृति ज़ूबिन इरानी)

MINISTER OF TEXTILES  
(SMT. SMRITI ZUBIN IRANI)

**(a) to (d):** A statement is laid on the Table of the House.

**Statement in reply to Lok Sabha Starred Question No. \*225 for answer on 02.08.2018 by SHRI SANKAR PRASAD DATTA regarding “Revival of Textile and Handloom/ Handicraft Industries”.**

**(a) to (d):** Government is implementing various policy initiatives and schemes for supporting the development of textile industry. These schemes and initiatives which promote technology upgradation, creation of infrastructure, skill development and sectoral development in the textile sector create a conducive environment and provide enabling conditions for textile manufacturing in the country.

In order to support the growth and modernization of the textile sector including traditional textiles namely, Handlooms and Handicrafts in the country, the government has been implementing several schemes, such as the Amended Technology Upgradation Funds Scheme (ATUFS), PowerTex India Scheme for Powerloom Sector Development, Scheme of Integrated Textile Parks, SAMARTH- the Scheme for Capacity Building in textile sector, Silk Samagra- the integrated silk development scheme, Integrated Processing Development Scheme (IPDS), North Eastern Region Textile Promotion Scheme (NERTPS), Incentive Scheme for Acquisition of Plants and Machinery (ISAPM) for Jute Industry and Jute Diversified Products Manufacturing Units etc. The government also launched a Rs. 6000 crores special package for boosting investment, employment and exports in the garmenting and made-ups sector.

In order to encourage and develop handloom and handicraft sectors, the government has been implementing several key programmes and schemes for these sectors. For the handloom sector, which is an unorganised sector, development support is provided under National Handloom Development Programme (NHDP), Handloom Weavers’ Comprehensive Welfare Scheme (HWCWS), Comprehensive Handloom Cluster Development Scheme (CHCDS) and Yarn Supply Scheme (YSS) for basic inputs, looms and accessories, design development, infrastructure development, marketing of handloom products etc. For the Handicrafts sector, Government is implementing the National Handicraft Development Programme (NHDP) and the Comprehensive Handicrafts Cluster Development Scheme (CHCDS) for providing support on design, technology upgradation, infrastructure development, research and development, market support etc. to handicrafts clusters in the country. These schemes include subsidies and incentives for the growth of the textile sector.

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